

## THE OHIO BREAK.

ATTRIBUTED TO THE UNPOPULARITY OF ARTHUR.

John Sherman's Brother-in-Law, Moulton, Attributes the Defeat of the Republican Party in Ohio to Their Opponents for Arthur's Unpopularity.

WASHINGTON, October 30.—An interview with Colonel C. W. Moulton, brother-in-law of Senator John Sherman, and a prominent lawyer of Cincinnati, credits to him with remarkable and suggestive statements relative to the attitude of Ohio republicans toward President Arthur. For instance, according to this interview, he says: "In my opinion dissatisfaction with the present administration was the main cause of our defeat in Ohio. I do not believe Ohio will support Mr. Arthur if he is nominated next year. You can have no notion of the unpopularity of Mr. Arthur in Ohio. He has shocked the people beyond measure by his treatment of Garfield's old and tried friends. Where is there a Garfield man in Ohio now? I don't know of one in Ohio nor out of it. Since I have got to talking about it I wish to repeat it as my conviction that if Mr. Arthur is nominated by the republican national convention next year the Ohio republicans will not support him. There are a great many things which I will not now speak of that lead me to this belief, and furnish ample reason for it, too. I do not know what Mr. Sherman thinks about it because he and I have not talked about Ohio matters lately. I am not responsible for any one's opinion but my own. I have told you what I believe, and if it comes to a test you will see that I am right. Today the democrats have absolute possession of Ohio, a thing which has not occurred before for 35 years. They have everything in the state worth having. It would be almost impossible for the republicans to carry the state next year, with all the machinery of the state government against us, no matter how strong the candidate might be, but to take a man whom his own party will not support would be absolute insanity. Now you have my opinion."

Some of the president's accomplishments have been revealed by John Murphy, a member of Harry Miner's Variety combination. Murphy says: "The president, before he was president, long time ago when only collector of the port of New York, was one of the most favored and expert pupils at the school of Debsen Bros., New York. Of course, I do not doubt that he was a very good dancer, and he was very popular. He was so earnest and ambitious at one time that others before they knew who he was began to suspect that he was training up to star in some big show, and they were outraged and jealous of him. As a fact they didn't like gentlemen scholars anyhow. But let me give you a pointer. Mr. Arthur is a more expert jig dancer than a banjoist. He took lessons twenty five years ago, and he is still a star in the eyes of his friends. At that time every young man wanted to learn how to jig. I only learned the art for fun. I never expected to have to resort to it for a living. But that doesn't matter. Mr. Arthur has danced for three quarters. In that time he learned the various steps and twists and turns completely and when lessons were over frequently outdanced some of the oldest hands at the business. I suppose he is too dignified now to dance a jig, but I wouldn't be surprised if he did take a step or two once in a while when he has some weighty matter on his mind."

## POLITICAL INDICATIONS.

A Republican Meeting Broken Up by Three Bears—The Texas Meeting.

BALTIMORE, Md., October 30.—A special to the Sun from Editor Talbot counts Maryland, says a large republican mass meeting held there yesterday. All the colored people of the county took a holiday and came to town. Mr. Holton, republican candidate for governor, General Adam E. King and others addressed the meeting and were attentively listened to. Other speakers followed, and when the meeting was at its height a fellow with three trained bears appeared on the scene. The negroes all left the meeting to see the bears dance, and climb trees. The speaking was nearly stopped. It is charged that the democrats employed the man with the bears to break up the meeting by drawing off the colored people.

NEW YORK, October 30.—A special to the Evening Post from Dallas, Texas, says the rumored negro outbreak at Garret, in Milam county, was utterly unfounded, and the governor is censured for ordering out the troops. Garret is still a cross road.

BUFFALO, October 30.—Timothy J. Mahoney, present city controller, who was renominated at the late convention by both the Monning and Scoville factions of the democratic party, has declined to run. He is reported as saying that he had covered up a deficit of \$5,000 and could not remain on the ticket. His friends claim that he is laboring under temporary aberration of the mind, superinduced by severe illness some time since. His resignation will be accepted.

## MISSING MARY CHURCHILL.

Her Father Acknowledges the Receipt of a Letter from the Missing Girl.

St. Louis, October 30.—A letter received at last of the missing girl, Mary Churchill, who disappeared mysteriously from her father's residence one Monday evening in July last. Her father, Colonel Jas. Churchill, received a letter from his daughter, dated the 24th inst., and mailed at Indianapolis the 26th. He refuses to make the contents public, but furnishes the following card for publication: "To the public: After a suspense of three months, I am today in receipt of a letter from my daughter, Mary Churchill, mailed from a distant city. As all the papers all over the country have accorded me every facility within their power and in many cases at great expense in my trying to find out the whereabouts of my daughter, I am now in a position to withhold from publication the contents of this letter, a sense of duty which I owe my friends impels me to give its purport, which I herewith state, as follows: 'October 25, 1883.—My Father: I write to let you know that I am alive and well. I am not on the stage as you supposed, nor have I eloped. Oh, how could you think so, when I called at the gentlemen's society? I am earning my own living honestly. Teach my little sisters and darling little brothers to think kindly of their sister.' Colonel Churchill expresses the utmost confidence in the authenticity of the letter, and both he and his wife identify the handwriting perfectly. They have no information of their daughter's whereabouts, but both feel confident that they will hear from her again, and that she will return home shortly."

INDIANAPOLIS, October 30.—The Associated Press reports that Mr. Churchill, father of Miss Mary Churchill, the missing St. Louis girl, had received a letter from her postmarked

Indianapolis caused a general search to be made in this city this evening. She could not be found, and it is believed that she is not in the city.

## ASSEMBLED LABOR AGITATORS.

American, Frenchman, Englishman and Spaniard met in Paris, October 30.

PARIS, October 30.—The international labor conference continued its session to-day. Great diversity of opinion prevails among the delegates. The subject of international legislation was resumed, but the discussion degenerated into generalities. The French delegates again urged state intervention. Workmen, it was said, ought to form a political party and if necessary resort to force. The admission of foreign workmen in the French syndicate chamber was demanded. Henry Broadhurst, honorary president of the conference, demanded a complete liberty of action and the suppression of all economic conditions. He thought that would lay the future basis of international trades union. Governments, he said, sought war while workmen wished peace, union and progress. His speech was heartily applauded. Several of the Spanish delegates made speeches advocating the progress policy.

## LORNE ON FEDERATION.

He Fears Strong Provincial Governments are Tending Toward Rebellion.

TORONTO, Ontario, October 30.—A special cable dispatch from London to the Globe says the Contemporary Review for November, issued to-day (Tuesday), contains an article by the marquis of Lorne, late governor general of the Dominion, entitled "Canadian Home Rule." It was written in compliance with a request to furnish some suggestive of steps that might be taken to meet the demand for home rule for Ireland, or to provide the same having bearing upon Australia. The marquis discussed the chief points of the federal government of Canada, indicates the individual rights reserved to the different provinces, and dwells specially upon the danger which must arise should one member of the confederation become strong enough to oppose the will of the central government. Lord Lorne declares that should a feeling be developed stronger than the feeling of loyalty to the general government, the American civil war may be repeated in Canada. An inequality of strength among the various members of the confederation would be the best guarantee against this. The conclusion drawn is, that the feeling of the American states shows that while purely local matters may be left to the control of local assemblies, it is all important that the province should be organized of such strength as to be able to formulate a policy looking to a conflict with the rest of the country.

## DEEDS OF LAWBREAKERS.

Three Snatch Thieves in Uster, New York—A Bottle of Vitriol in Use.

MIDDLEBURY, N. Y., October 30.—Early this morning three strangers entered the store of Abraham Gray at Homewick, Uster county, and said they were cattle buyers, and asked for small bills for three hundred dollars. Gray proceeded to count out the money, when they threw some liquid in his face, nearly blinding him, and ran off with all the money. They have not been arrested.

DENVER, October 30.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Saluda says Barker Strangely, city marshal, was fatally shot while attempting to arrest Frank Reed, a cow boy, for stealing cattle. Strangely covered Reed with a revolver, but Reed was too quick for him and shot the marshal three times and then escaped.

## THREE MEN DEAD.

The Fate of Five Men Who Went Down Into a Pool of Water.

PITTSBURGH, October 30.—At Kieffers and Stieffels' tannery, a well is being dug to be used as a vat. This morning Christian Dickson, an employee, went down to measure the depth of water, when he was overcome by the foul air. Ferdinand Schroeder, and Charles Schultz, who were working near by, heard his cries and rushed down to assist him, but he had not sooner reached the bottom when the fatal choke damp rendered him insensible. Schultz then followed, but he was also overcome by the gas. Beyer, then procured and fastened around the bodies of Solomon Bomberger and Rhinehart, Remsen, who were lowered into the death trap with difficulty. They tied the insensible men to the sides of the vat. Dickson, Schroeder and Schultz were dead, and Bomberger and Remsen were unconscious, but with the aid of restorative soon rescued, and were able to go to their homes. Dickson was single and the other two married.

## THE BANK THIEVES.

The London River Plate Bank Decided to Pay Up Depositors.

LONDON, October 30th.—The London and River Plate bank has decided to pay for the securities which were deposited with them for safe keeping, and which were abstracted by George Warden, the defaulting manager. John Davis Walters, the broker, who is charged with stealing and receiving the various bonds deposited with the London and River Plate bank, was brought up at the Guildhall police court to-day, for re-examination. Warden, the defaulting manager of the bank, testified that he lost considerable amounts of money belonging to his sister, but that he obtained 1,900 pounds for them from Walters before his flight. He reaffirmed his former statement that Walters knew that the bonds he gave him were abstracted from the bank, and said that the officers begged Walters to spare him the necessity for another robbery, but Walters persisted in his continuing to rob.

## THE COTTON PICKER.

Exhibition of a Bale of Cotton Picked by Mason's Machine.

CHARLESTON, October 30.—The first bale of cotton ever picked from the field by machinery was shown at the cotton exchange to-day, and attracted general attention. It was considered as good as any hand-picked cotton of the same grade. It was conceded that if placed with the others it could not be distinguished from the hand-picked cotton. The bale was picked near Sumter, S. C., by the cotton harvester, a machine invented by C. T. Mason, Jr. It is operated by one horse and one man, and will harvest two and one-half to three full bales per day. The bale will be sent to the convention of the national cotton planters' association at Vicksburg next month.

## SHORT ON COTTON.

THE FAILURE OF MORRIS RANGER, OF LIVERPOOL.

Four Hundred Thousand Bales of Cotton Thrown on the Market—Nearly Four Millions of Dollars in the Pool—How the Failure is Likely to Affect the Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, October 30.—The cotton house of Morris Ranger has failed. He formally announced to the president of the Liverpool cotton association that he was unable to meet the demands that had matured, and that he had suspended payment. The failure causes much excitement. The suspension of R. H. Forman & Co., cotton brokers, has been belittled at the rooms of the cotton brokers' association. The liabilities are extensive, and many cotton brokers are involved. Other failures are regarded as inevitable, owing to the failure of the cotton exchange at a standstill. No business has been transacted since the failure was announced. Halls-head, Tetley & Co., cotton brokers, have suspended payment. Later reports relative to the failure of Morris Ranger state that his liabilities amounted to 650,000 pounds. It is also stated that he had 400,000 bales of cotton open.

THE EXTENT OF THE FAILURE.—The Commercial Advertiser publishes the following: The cotton firm of Morris Ranger & Co., of Liverpool, which suspended to-day, is one of the largest in England, and is composed of Morris Ranger alone. The firm was established in 1808. At the house of Fatman & Co., on Broad street, whom Ranger was supposed to represent abroad, it was stated to-day that no news beyond the announcement of the failure had been received by the firm, and it was not believed that any American houses will be in the least affected by the Ranger suspension. Fatman & Co. deny having any business relations with the suspended firm, and can throw no light on the extent of the failure, or as to the parties involved in this country. The firm are reported to have bought in, or made settlements for a heavy amount of September and October short cotton, but they have anticipated this by suspending to-day. Their short contracts outstanding are estimated at from 100,000 to 150,000 bales.

## Effect of the Failure in the South.

A COLLECTOR'S QUESTION ASKED MR. SAM INMAN WHAT EFFECT THE FAILURE WOULD HAVE ON THE COTTON MARKET.

"I do not think there will be any change whatever in the cotton market," said Mr. T. G. Garrett, said last night. "Morris Ranger is one of four brothers who married four sisters named Fatman. Both sides were strong financially and the union added to the strength of the family. They were in New York and Louisiana in New Orleans. They are all cotton men and are as liberal as they can be. Morris has made it a practice to set a magnificent champagne punch every day for his friends. He is a powerful man and has done much by pure dash and boldness. He cornered the Liverpool cotton market two or three years ago, a thing that was never done before and was not repeated by it. He was certainly a remarkable man."

## FRANCE AND CHINA.

The Discussion of the Tonquin War in the Chamber of Deputies.

LONDON, October 30.—A despatch from Paris states that the French government of the warlike attitude of China, will ask the chamber for a much larger credit for the expenses of the expedition in Tonquin than was originally intended. Even should China refuse to accept the government's offer of reinforcements of troops will be required in Tonquin. The government does not expect defeat in the chamber on its Tonquin policy. The Figaro publishes a report that the governor of Yunnan, General Yunnan, with 1,400 troops, has received orders to enter Tonquin, and occupy Coe Bang, about 130 miles north of Hanoi, the French headquarters.

## AN EARTHQUAKE SHOCK.

LONDON, October 30.—A severe shock of earthquake, accompanied by subterranean rumblings, was felt at Kamenec, government of Padolia, Russia, Monday. The shock lasted thirty seconds.

## GRANDEURS IN PRISON.

GLASGOW, October 30.—The ringleader of the Orange riots at Coal Bridge last summer has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment, and another active participant in the disturbance to nine months' imprisonment.

## KING HARMON'S INDIGNATION.

SLIGO, October 30.—At a meeting of the conservatives held last evening, Colonel King Harman has written an apology to the delivered an address in which he denounced the government for permitting national meetings to be held throughout Ireland.

## LONDON, October 30.—At a conference of the fair trade league, now setting in London, the imposition of a moderate duty on foreign wheat in order to encourage the trade of the British colonies was advocated to-day.

## SUMITS TO THE POPE.

LONDON, October 30.—A Rome dispatch to the Exchange telegraph company states that Cardinal Hohenlohe has written an apology to the pope, regretting the false statements that had been made about himself and stating his willingness to return to Rome immediately, if his holiness so desires.

## MADRID, October 30.—The official gazette publishes the decrees providing for many initiatives reforms. The cabinet has agreed upon a diplomatic role which will entice the pope, regretting the false statements that had been made about himself and stating his willingness to return to Rome immediately, if his holiness so desires.

## GERMAN POLITICS.

A Strict Investigation Ordered Into the Oldenburg Riots.

BERLIN, October 30.—Emperor William has ordered a strict inquiry into the cause of the riots at Oldenburg. It is stated that General Siebmann will probably be dismissed. The landlady of a public house at Oldenburg, frequented by journeymen bricklayers, found to-day loaded bombs on her premises, where 200 persons were assembled. The merest chance prevented a terrible catastrophe.

The North German Gazette denies the existence of an aggressive alliance, and declares that the powers have only united to secure the peace of Germany.

BERLIN, October 30.—It is stated that the Prussian diet will meet on the 20th of November, and the German parliament on the 15th of January. The foundation stone of the new parliament building will be laid on January 18.

ored to arrive at an agreement without accepting a humiliating capitulation. M. Laurier, who has been recognized by the Bourne treaty, and that understanding between France and China had been effected thereon. It was evident that China sought to expel the French from Tonquin. The Chinese had at length decided to formulate a proposition demanding the recognition of their suzerainty, the evacuation of the places occupied by the French, but did not attempt to discuss the rights conferred on France by her treaties with Annam. They simply ignored those rights, and demanded that the French should retire, promising to concede France a position similar to that which she now occupies in certain parts of China. France sent her reply, stating what she considered a basis of an agreement. The cabinet, he said, still considered the Bourne treaty inadmissible, but the constitution of a neutral zone between Tonquin and China would create a situation advantageous to France. To sum up, China demanded a reversion of the state of things which existed prior to the year 1873. France, he declared, would not accept such a proposition. The work already far advanced. Negotiations with China, he added, have been only interrupted. Let events speak for themselves. Perhaps the time will come when China will agree to find ways still ready to examine the arrangements compatible with France's interests and honor. France has never departed from the path of fairness and moderation. The force of circumstances has rendered the representative of the empire of all Europe in the east, M. Chalmel Lacour concluded by declaring that the chamber had to express confidence, not in the government, but in itself; for, added he, the political cabinet has been indorsed by the legislature.

## DYNAMITE IN LONDON.

Two Terrible Explosions, Which are Attributed to the Failure.

LONDON, October 30.—About 5 o'clock last evening a terrible explosion occurred near Praed street, Underground station, on the Metropolitan railway. On the first alarm a strong cordon of police was summoned to preserve order and keep the way clear, and to convey wounded people to hospitals. The passengers who were on the train say that there was a loud report like that of a cannon, and then darkness.

Glasgow, October 30.—A terrible explosion occurred on the Glasgow and Arrol railway, near the next station, Edgware road, the first effort was made to rescue the wounded. Some were dreadfully injured, and many were killed. The worst damage was done by the explosion of dynamite, which had been placed probably in the rear of the train. All sorts of theories are advanced as to the cause of the explosion, but the general opinion of railway officials and of experts is that the disaster was caused by some explosive material, which had been placed probably in the rear of the train. It is believed that about forty persons were injured, some of them dangerously. Almost simultaneously with the Praed street affair a similar explosion occurred on the underground railway between Charing Cross and Westminster stations. The windows of the tunnel shattered, and at Charing Cross the glass in the station was broken. The report was like that of artillery. The effects were like those of the Praed street explosion. Carriage lamps, windows, etc., were smashed. All traffic was suspended for awhile. Though the explosion is matters of the greatest mystery, they are generally thought to have been of Fenian origin.

## AN EXPLOSION OF DYNAMITE.

FRANKFURT, October 30.—A quantity of dynamite was exploded in the office of the chief of police here last evening. The building was badly damaged, but although many officials were in at the time, none of them were injured.

## ENGLISH POLITICS.

LONDON, October 30.—Sir Henry James, attorney general, addressed a large liberal meeting at Dumfries last evening. In the course of his speech he denied that there had been any extravagant expenditures under the liberal administration of the government. He said that while the last conservative administration had spent an average of 254,000,000, the liberal government had only disbursed an average of 274,000,000 per year. The meeting passed a vote of confidence in the government. A resolution also passed, urging the ministers to deal early in the session of parliament with the franchise question.

## THE DAYS SPORTS.

The Memphis Races—The Brighton Autumn Meeting.

MEMPHIS, October 30.—First race, handicap, one mile, three and quarter mile, Emma E. won, Brigand Bell second, Annie C. third. The second race, purse \$250, for two and quarter year olds, maiden's, allowed, one mile heats, first heat, Primrose won, Mole Moore second, Judge Duling third; time 1:19. The third race, sweepstakes, for all ages, selling allowance, one mile, Joe Starks won, Callao second, Twilight third; time 1:48.

## THE BRIGHTON MEETING.

LONDON, October 30.—The Brighton autumn meeting began to-day. The Brighton autumn handicap race resulted in a dead heat between two contestants, formerly P. Lorillard's Sachem, and Iron Clad. Arabote came third. There were 6 starters in the deciding heat for the first place, between Iron Clad and Sachem, the former won the race.

## THE FILLING TURF.

BALTIMORE, October 30.—First race, one mile, Bob Miles first, Mistle B second, Weir third; time 2:50. The second race, Breckenridge stakes for three year olds, two miles, Geo. Kenney first, Troglar second; time 3:47. Only two starters. The third race, handicap purse for all horses that have run during the meeting, one mile and five furlongs, Hartford first, Parole second, Emma press third; time 3:02. The fourth race, one mile, all ages, handicap, Arauzo won, Rico second, Greenland third; time 1:29. The fifth race, selling race, mile and a furlong, Heel and Toe won, Wandering second, Colonel Sprague third; time 2:00. The sixth race, steeple chase, sweepstakes for general riders, highest weight was one hundred and fifteen and heaviest one hundred and seventy pounds. Wooster, ridden by T. S. Latrobe, weight 155 pounds, won; Gath second, Abraham third; time 1:16. Ranger came in two quadrants behind, and threw his rider when he was in the club house, but did no damage.

## DURING AN INTERVAL BETWEEN THE RACES M. O'BRIEN, OWNER OF INGRAM, MADE AN ASSAULT ON ABE SCOTT, JOCKEY OF THAT HORSE IN THE STABLE CHASE ON SATURDAY, FOR WHICH HE WAS RULED OFF THE TRACK.

## BRIGHTON BEACH.

NEW YORK, October 30.—First race, purse \$250 for maiden two-year olds, three-fourths of a mile, the Trueblue Ruby gelding won, Gray Bennett second, Jim Carlisle third; time 1:18. The second race, purse \$250, selling allowance, one and one-eighth miles, Dizzy Bloude won, Bonairita second, Lena third; time 2:06. The third race, purse \$250, selling allowance, one and one-fourth miles, Baby won, Ruth second, Bill Bird third; time 2:20. The fourth race, purse \$250, for all ages, 3 mile, Charlie Kempland won, Miss Brewster second, Kingfisher third; time 1:06. The

## KENTUCKY MAMIE.

THE BLUE GRASS ACTRESS IN LONDON.

She Bravely Impermeable of the Prince of Wales, is Gushed Over by the Princess, Wins the Plaudits of the Audience, and Has Taken London by Storm—Sic.

LONDON, October 30.—Miss Mary Anderson's appearance at the Lyceum theatre as Pauline, in the "Lady of Lyons," was another triumph. The audience showed no marked signs of interest until the fourth act was reached, when the applause became an outburst of enthusiasm, which continued so long after the curtain had fallen that Miss Anderson was led to the footlights three times before quiet was restored. Mr. Barnes played Claude Melnotte. The house was crowded to overflowing, among those present being the prince and princess of Wales. During the progress of the third act a tablecloth became ignited and made quite a blaze. The audience were on their feet instantly, and for a moment it seemed as though a panic must ensue. But the coolness of the performers and the quick manner in which the flame was extinguished soon restored order, and the progress of the play was not even checked. Some critics who remarked the rather cool manner in which the early scenes of the play were received think that Miss Anderson opens the road to dramatic comparisons when she essays a character such as Pauline, in which she has to appear as a highly accomplished and dignified lady. They say that it does not follow that the qualities which make her Parthia or Galatea successful should do the same for Pauline.

## LADY AND PRINCE.

It has leaked out that the prince of Wales has called Miss Anderson to account for her reported utterances concerning him. At the interview which took place the other night at the Lyceum theatre, the first question blurted out by his royal highness was: "Is it true that you said you wouldn't see me?" Miss Anderson replied with a great deal of apparent embarrassment: "I said that I would not seek the honor." This was so apparent an evasion that a great deal of comment has been passed in high quarters, and society circles profess themselves to be profoundly astonished at the lack of spiritiveness by the princess of Wales in honoring Miss Anderson with her presence at one of her representations. The princess, before deciding to invite Miss Anderson to the royal box sent for Mr. Griffin, her manager, and questioned him closely concerning the lady's repertoire, the number of hours she had been on the stage, etc. The princess then intimated that she wished to see Miss Anderson and requested Mr. Griffin to send her in. Miss Anderson, who, under the circumstances, did not particularly relish the meeting, sent back word that she had made it a rule never to see outsiders during a performance, and that even on this occasion she preferred not to break it. She said, however, that she would be most happy to meet her royal highness when she had finished her performance. The princess then said: "We never wait after the end of a piece," and the negotiations apparently closed.

## IN THE ROYAL PRESENCE.

The piece went on and the royal party remained and when it was over Miss Anderson was surprised by her manager, who came with the announcement that their royal highnesses were waiting in the passage to see her. There was of course no further escape, and she immediately went from the stage and met them. The lady's performance had been so pleasing that the princess had apparently forgotten what, under ordinary circumstances would have amounted to a most disagreeable and humiliating experience. The princess was inclined to be a little more reserved, and asked the question quoted above, not to put away from her any further escape, and she immediately went from the stage and met them. The lady's performance had been so pleasing that the princess had apparently forgotten what, under ordinary circumstances would have amounted to a most disagreeable and humiliating experience. 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ATLANTA, GEORGIA

THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

is about twenty-four mills. Now, fifteen mills is regarded a high city tax—with all the social expenses and advantages of municipal government. Again, comparing the present budgets of the United States with the past, we have seen that in five years of present taxation extended over the whole period before the war—the last seventy years of the republic. By comparison with the recent past we have seen an increase in five years, from 1878 to 1882, of 160 millions of dollars—in time of profound peace—a sum exceeding three times the aggregate of the war.

MR. RICHARD GRANT WHITE, in a recent article in *The North American Review*, lays himself open to trenchant criticism at the hands of the northern thren. Mr. White says that war time at the north was a money-making process, and that the whole contest was carried on for the sake of money. He declares that the real victims were "the money makers, merchants, bankers, manufacturers, railmen, monopolists and speculators. It was for their sake that they triumphed under the banner of freedom. General Grant has been roughly handled by the caricaturists and paragraphists as a bogey." Verily his reward has been very small at the hands of those to whom he rendered his chief services. If the business men of the north had given

It is claimed that the cotton picker just invented by Mr. Neason, of Sumter, S. C., differs from all previous inventions of the kind in the very points where they were deficient. The teeth of the new machine are so sensitively set, it is said, that they do not catch anything about a stalk of cotton in the open boll. A stalk with a dozen bolls

until additional buildings are completed.

THERE is too much money in the state treasury of Texas. The governor has called an extra session of the legislature, that the boys may have one of it.

LEULON W. McMORRIS, colored, of New-  
S. C. has completed his course in medicine

a of the causes of the long session under the institution of 1877 and the means of removing these causes and reducing the session of the general assembly to a reasonable limit; because the evil, already great, will grow and grow until before five years have elapsed they will extend over six months of the year. In our next we will discuss further such amendments as are necessary to our constitution of

THE MAN OF MUSCLE AS WELL AS  
THE MEN OF BRAIN.

Busy she was, from morn till night,  
Spite of old Time's advances;  
Although her husband left her here  
In easy circumstances.

Good Mrs. Grimes is now at rest,  
She'll rest through endless ages;  
The sun has set, her work is done,  
She's gone to claim her rest.

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Good Mrs. Grimes is now at rest,  
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She's gone to claim her wages.















